BANK

BANKURA UNIVERSITY

ISTIMAN CO



TITLE OF THE PROJECT :- STUDY OF COMMON PLANTS IN BCC

NAME: LAXMI MAL

REGISTRATION NO.:- 1012303360

ROLL NO.: 837

SUBJECT: ENVIRONMENTAL STUDIES

ACADAMIC YEAR: 2023 - 2024

Containds / Index :_

Thopic: -

- 1. Introduction
- 2 · Meterial & methood
- 3 · Results
- 4 · Discussion
- 5 · Refebence
- · Acknowledgement
- 1 Introduction: Bankuna located in the south western part of west bengal in India. Shows a nemons -able diversity of vegetation owing to its different Climatic & topographycal Condition. Bankuna christian college in Bankuna town christian also have a numerous types of flora. Plants play a vital role for Bio-diversity Climate.
- Meterial & methoed ? For Present Study data worse collected randomly from various Point of our college campus intervention at conducted with local knowlageable people. Photographs of these plants were also taken. Then the uses of some plants were

written in the following pattern: -

- i) Common name
- 11) scientific name
- 11) Family
- 14) I dentifying characteristics
- ") Significations.

30 Results

i) Common name: - Segun

1) Scientific name : - Tectona grandis

Family : - Lamiaceae.

14) I dentifying characteristics: _

- The tree has a straight but often buttonessed stem. a Spreading crown and four-sided branch Lets with large quadran gular pith.
- The Leaves are opposite on Some times about 0.5 metnes Long and 23 cm wide. The bank of the Stem is about 1.3 cm thick grey on brow nies grey.



- Segun i's a large deciduous thee up to 40 m tau. with grey to greyish brown branches known for i'ts high quality wood. Its leaves are ovate elliptic to ovate. 15-45 cm long by 8-23 cm wide, and are held. on hobust petioles which are 2-4 cm long.
- Tectona grandis has small fragmant while flowers. Our ranged in dense elusters out the end of the branches.

 Y) Significations:
- Teak wood is used for ship building, fine furniture door and window formes, whorves, bridges, cooling Lower Louvnes, Paneling, nailway cors and veretian blinds.
- Leaves contain about 6% tannin and a dye also used for that ching oily product obtained by distinction of wood chips applied to eczema.
- Kennels yield fatty oil which is used in scabies and to Promote the growth of hair, flowers used in biliousness boronchitis and wrinary discharges.
- In Ayurvedic system the wood is considered as a lanative sedative for the utenus, good for piles, dysentery and leucoderma.
- B. i) Common name :- Kadam
 - 1) scientific name ; Neolamorckia cadamba

- 111) Family: Rubiaceae
- 1) Identifying characteristics
- Thee up to 45 m tall without branches for more then 25 m. The crown is umbriena shaped and the branches one choracteristically ourranged in tiens.
- · Leaves Simple 13-32 cm long flowers onange, small indense globose heads and bear fruits that are small

forma freshy, yerrow orange colowied.

- The finite taste sweet openge and sown and attract a lot of butten-flies and been around the tree.
- · Kadam is a fast growing thee which grows at most anywhere easily.

V) Significations .-

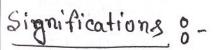
- In Ayunveda, kadam tree how been used as on antiashmatic, antipyretic, anti-helminthic and anti-inflammatorp agent along with other traditional uses.
- The Kadam flowers are used in making perfumes and essential oils.
- · Kadam fruit Juice also helps in increasing breast milk in locating women.
- The kadam leaf juice can help treat leuconrihoea and increase menstrual flow.

- of the tree are efficient in reducing blood sugar Levels.
- Kadama i's mentioned in the Bhagavata Pwana. In worth India. It is associated with Khrishna while in the South it is known as "Parvati" thee.
- C. i) Common name : Bahera
 - ") Scientific name: Terminalia bellionica
 - Family : Combretaceae
 - w) I dentifying characteristics:

Bahera is a large deciduo us tree in the combretaceace family is common on the plains and hills in south and southeast Alsa

Bahera is a tall hand some three with charateristic bark 12-50 m all. Leaves are 8-20 cm long 7.5-15 cm wide an Stalks 2.15 cm long.

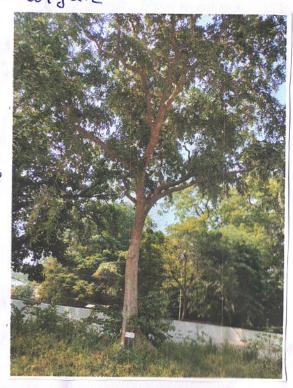
5-6 mm across ower flowers are bisexual. Fruit is obovoid 1.5-0.5 cm in dia meter.



Baherra is a boon to achieve spotless stadiant win. It helps in shielding the skin from oxidative adveal damage.

the pisk of the various grs of aging like wrinkles, blemishes, spots lines days circles, etc.

- oitis an anti-inflammatory properties also reduce lengic conditions like acre, pimples zits and revents various other skin infections.
- Pores and removing facial how.
- Bahera treats various scalp and hair infections like. folliculitis, itching and dandouff.
- If also nowlishes the hair follieles with essential nutnients, enhances blood circulation and fontifies the hair strands from the roots to the.
- D) i) common name . Apjun
 - 1) scientific name . Terminalia arzun
 - m) Family . combreta ceas
 - 1v) Identifying characteristics
- Anjun is a large deciduous tree the spreading chown and hooping branches.
- · It attnains a height of up to 35 m
- It book is thick, grey to pin kish smooth, thin Comming off in



pegular sheets

- Leaves are usually Sub-opposite 10-15 cm long and 4-7 cm broad; base is bounded on hearthoped often unequal sided; veins are reticulate
- Flowers one sessite and occur in simple on anicled spikes
- · Frauit is a fibrous woody drupe, about 2.5 5 m in size.

Significations :-

- Angun has astningent Properties that cleanse blood its homeostotic characteristics alleviate beeding situation and reduce pitta aggravation.
 - In femals, it can support the uterus and control the menstrual cycle.
 - It is also useful in ulcer toteatment, features intrhosis of liver, ischamic heart dispose and pentension.
 - Anjun reduces the hisk of eardiovascular disease. It strengthens and tones the heart useles and promotes oppnopeniate heart function. In addition to its antihypentensive properties, the Anjuna thee helps lower higher blood pressure.
 - Anguna effectively blam balances the Kapha and pitta doshas witthin the body.

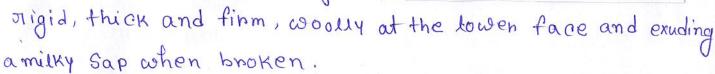
E) i) Common name . . mahua

- ") scientific name :- madhuca longifolia
- 10) Family :- sapotace ae

IV SIdentifying characteristics ;-

Mahua is a medium sized deciduous nee which grows to a height of 16-20.

- It has a short, stout with multiple banches.
- The bank is grey, vertically chacked and wrinkled, expolating in thin & cales.
- The leaf blade is simple, 10-25 cm, 6-12 cm broad, Oblong-Shapel



- young leaves are prikish on reddish brown.
- Flowers are borne on green on pink, furry unches each bunch consisting of 12 fragant cheam convied flowers.

v) Significations: -

- In India, during Periods of Searcity a combination of mahua flowers and sal seeds is boiled to Prepure a Substitute for grain staples.
- Mahua oil is reported to have Potential use i'n biodisesel production.
- Mahua flowers produce a nector that is very valuable to honey bees in periods of searity.

- Several mahua products are used to feed livestock
- Before the start of the knowif season for-mensican corn additional in come by collecting mahua flowers.
- It is a very important means of earning a living from the forest and has a huge impact on the Social and cultural norms of thibal societies.
- 4. Discussion: Present Study focuses which types.

 of Plants are Present as well as Protected inow College campus for increasing awereness among the general public and Student. These plants have in our life. These huge kind of vegetation is not Just resource but a living symbol of the natural horitage and diversity that makes our college unique.
- 5. Conclusion: It has some improtance to create a kind of love and concern for nature in young minds so that they grow up with on a wearness to envision-ment. Such activities play a fundamental stole in the field of cose of vation by motivating the student for the protection of environment.

6) References :-

11

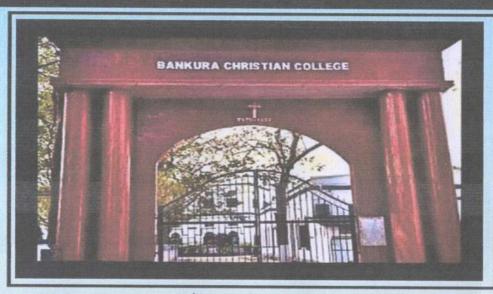
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Acknowledgement ?- I am very grateful to smt.

Ruby Sarkar of ENVS Department, Bankwia Christian College, Bankwia, west Bengal for gathering Valuable information. Thanks are also given to local People and College authority for gathering various information related to these field work

Teacher's Signature Date: Student Signaturie Date-06/12/2023 SETTIAN COULTERSTY

BANKURA UNIVERSITY



Title of the project : Study Of
Local Medicinal Plants

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Introduction :>

India with its great tropographic and climatic diversity has a very rich and diverse flora and fona. Various uses of plants as mediciens have been practiced from and ancient time.

Indian herbalist charak and Surshruta worked in Search of different herbal plants for different parts

of human body.

Medicinal plants have been a vital Source of both curative and preventive medical therapy Preparations for human beings, which also has been used for the extraction of Important bioactive compounds.

Plants products one widely used among various tribal people perticularly in remoted onean of west bengal. The presents study is an attempt to document different medicinal plants species in our local orea.

It is neported that traditional healers use near about 2500 plant species and 100 species of plant Serve as negular sources of medicine. Would Health Organisation has started that 80% of the world's population depends on traditional medicine for its primary health care and has become indispensal for its Survival.

Materials And Methods :>

For the present study data were collected randomly from various part of my local area (BANKURA) Interviews were conducted with local knowledgebel People. Bankura is one of the most Important district of west Bengal where most of the area is adjecent to the forest. It is located in the western part of the state west Bengal. Bankura lies between 220 38' and 230 38' North latitude and between 860 36' and 840 46' Fast longitudes. According to census. 10.36% among the total tribal population are resides in Bankura, ethnomedicinal practice is very common among the tribes.

After this Interviews, the medicinal values of some plants were enumerated in the following Patterns > 10 Common name

- @ Scientific name
- 3 Family
- 4 Ethnomedicinal uses
- 1 Parts used.

Plants specimens were collected from the study area and Identified. Photographs of these plants were also taken.

- Kalmes =-

For the prosent study date abor collected standard from your or my local ance (BANKURA) the standard which have such some and the standard standard

medicinal values

the study one

- Kalmegh -

30

dig

Results :>

The different plants which have been documented during the present investigation along with their mode of use in different health treatment by the local health healers. Among the different plant points, the leaves were most frequently used for the treatment of diseases tollowed by noot, book and whole plant Parts. From the study, It was found that plants are mostly used to treat different inflammation, cough and cold, leucoderma, different skin diseases, ulcers and leprosy.

1 Kalmegh :>

Common name - Andriographis partie

Scientific name -> Andrographis panieulata
(Burm. F.) Nees.

由 Family > Acanthaceae.

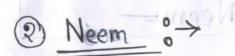
由 Ethnomedicinal uses >

- This mainly used for liver problems as it Protects the liver against damage caused by free radicals due to its antioxident and anti-inflammatory activity.
- is used to manage the symptoms of the common cold, sinusitis and allergies due to its antimicrobial and Immunomodulatory properties.

- extective in lowering blood sugar levels by Increasing Insulin Secretion.
- by widening the blood vessels and Increasing blood those.
- According to Ayunveda, taking kalmegh chunna regularly helps to manage on thritis by neducing the Ama and also stimulates appetite by Improving the digestive fine.

田 Points Used 8>

Leat Paste made Into tablets which is helpful to Improve digestion and liver function. Whole plant extract is useful for whooping, cough and leprosy.



母 Common name → Nim Neem

田 Scientific name > Azadinachta Indica

E Family → Meliaceae.

由 Ethnomedicinal Uses >

Treats Acre Neem has an anti-Inflammatory property which helps reduces acre. Azadirachta Indica also helps reduce Skin blemishes.

of the plood sessels and morroring plood pressure stood out the plood sessels and maneasing plood

Food Posts Use he provided to the he had been the help of the help

-Neem-

It Common name > Him Neem

mibil obsorisos A + 2 more silitario 8 151

Formily > Molio oco c.

10 Ethnomedicinal Uses >

Theoris Acres Neem has an anti-Int-Lammadory broporty to a solid helps are duces a cine. A radia action Indica associated helps: are duce skin blemishes.

- Prioven antifungal property which helps treat fungal Infections.
- Nourishes skint Neem is a rich source of vitamin E which help repair damaged skin cells.
- Increases Immunity > Neem is known for its antimicrobid and antibacterial effects. These properties play a huge role in boosting Immunity.
- Prevents Grastrointestinal Diseases

 Neem's anti-Inflammatory properties help reduce
 inflammation of the gastrointestinal tract which
 helps reduce a series of diseases like constipation,
 stomach ulcer, flatulence etc.

— and also help in Trieats arounds, Reduce dendrite, insect and Mosquito Repellent, Extiliates Skin, and also usetul in Detoxitication.

Poits Used :>

Leak extract useful for skin disease, leprosy and Intestinal worms. Leak and seed extraction are used as a source of naturally occurring Insecticides, Pesticides and agrochemicals.

Julio i files of most - profestat le il those T emits the lower to it agles deiroon machin doille Phever = Sarpagandha = Hurches cooming, Leaf and seed noturally occurated marchindes, ox to chemicals.

3 Sampagandha Plant

Common name > Sarpagandha Ori Indian Snokerioot

Scientific name > Rauwoltia Serpentina

Family → Apognaceae.

Ethnomedicinal uses >

→ Sarpagandha has property to balance vota and pitta Dosha in the body.

This herb has ability to reduce the heart note and dilates blood vessels with lowering of Blood Pressure.

-> very useful treatment in high blood sugar (Diabely

And hypertensive patients.

-> Effective in player and Fever.

> It's useful siemedy in schizophsiemia.

> It is often used as sedative and tranquilizer in different countries.

-> Row wolfia Sempentina has found to be useful in treatment of anniety, psychosis, epilepsy.

> The most of this plant is given in difficult

> It is useful in uterine contraction.

-> Sorpagandha has ability to theat goiter, useful in

tookenort.



roxiliupront 600 svitotulsi 20 bosu not to 21 FI diltorery countries. Row coolfig sempending has found to be useful in - Kadelida (sisonokad) Kranno do premito - this flib ill novige at Enold and to took out

southoxonaho has obility to theat poitor, useful by . 200 blo of tood trood industrial

site (

4 Ponts used 0 >

Roots and leaves of Sanpagandha are used. Its 700+ 1s ground into a powder and packaged in this form on sold in tablets on capsules.

4 Tulsi :>

- Common name Tulsi on Ochrynum Sprietum Holy Basil
- 型 Scientific name Ocimum Sanctum (OS)
- 西 Family Lamiaceae.
- 图 Ethnomedicinal Uses -
- ① Boosts Immunity: Tulsi has abundant amounts of antioxidants and micronutrients that help tight common aliments like cold, the, tever, asthma etc. Chewing Tulsi leaves on drinking water boiled with Tulsi proves useful in relieving the symptoms on some throat and cold.
- Punifies the Blood: The Sacred plant Is also known to punify the blood, netlecting healthy Skin. Also, Fulsi tea benefits can work wonders for one's Overall health by flushing out toxins and cleansing the digestive system.
- 3 Lowers Blood Pressure: > Hyportension patients can get significant health benefits as consuming Tubi

Never leaves benefits a person by lowering high blood Pressure and cholesteral levels. Holy basilisa powerful medicine for headaches, anxiety, depression, lack of sleep, and symptoms of high blood pressure.

Theats Respinatory Disorders: - Tulsi acts effectively on the nespinatory system. Also, sterm Inhabition with Tulsi leaves benefits in cleaning the congestion.

and It also maintains Blood sugar level, Improving the digestion process, Preventing conditional diseases, Relieving Pain In the Joint, Trienting kidney stones, Maintaining dental Health, Reducing Stress levels etc.

图 Pants Used %→

ten leaves, Stem, Flower, 700+, seeds and even whole plant.

Holy basil has many edible parts, the Flowers, leaver, seeds and extract can all be used medicinally. The Fresh Flowers are used to theat bronchitis, the leaves and seeds are used to theat Malaria and & extracts can be used for stomach ulcers and eye diseases. The entire plant can be used to theat nausea and vomiting.

boold with minosol ed norted a stitured, esvost. litioned on the extend tords. Holy bourt is a powerful tions for headodnes, onxi is adoptession, lock of · Skuzzok of boold word to smotogrige brid meats Respinatory Disordus: - Tulsi octs effectively the riespisations system. Also, storm Inholosion . noit-29x100 only y level in Whinx Cost diavagadas Breaking Kidney wants & NOUB serousold and Month barre best ant while the to but con be vera volument used to store - toad to the entire plant can be used to theat

6 Aloe Vena °→

西 Common name - Aloe

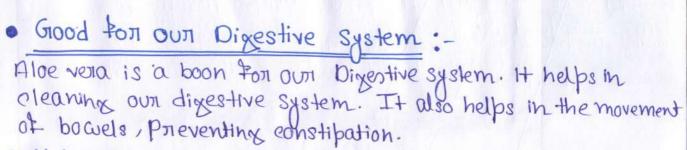
Aloe anbones cens

Family - Asphodelaceae.

4 Ethmomedicinal uses -

Oesophageal Reflux Diseane:

Aloe vera symptoms when consumed has shown a meduction in the frequency of most of the symptoms of GIERD.



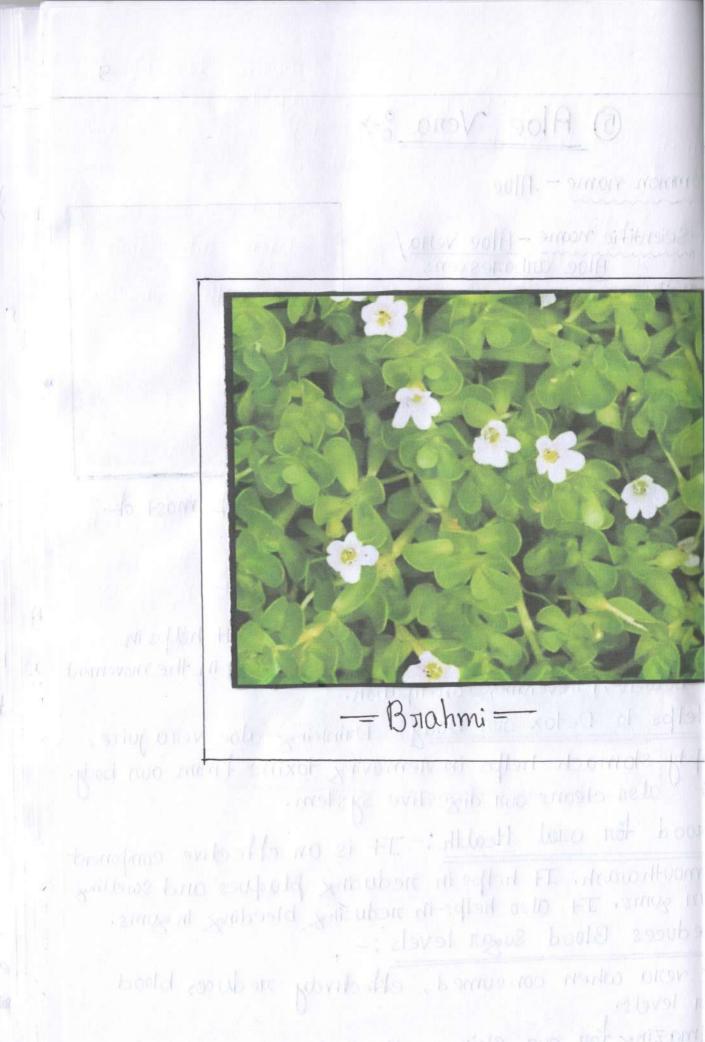
Helps to Detox oun Body: - Dninking aloe vena juice, empty stomach helps in nemoving toxins from oun body. It also cleans oun digestive system.

of mouthwash. It helps in nedwing plaques and swelling in oun gums. It also helps in nedwing bleeding in gums.

· Reduces Blood Sugar levels:-

Aloe vera when consumed, effectively reduces blood sugar levels.

· Amazing for our skin:— Its application on the skin helps to keep skin hydrated, Improver elasticity and prevents the development of wrinkles.



— It also Boosts Immunity, Promotes wound Healing, Helps in weight loss, Increases shelt like, Reliet from Anal Fissures.

Parts used 3 > The useful parts of aloe are the get and latex.

© Влаhmi ° →

田 common name > Botahmi

母 Scientific name + Bacopa monnieri

- 田 Family > Sc Поphulariaceae
- 田 Eth nomedicinal user >
 - Вланті may леlive ulcers.
 - It provides a healthy response against occasional
 - · Contains powerful antioxidants.
 - Bacopa monnieri appeared to supporess the release of pro Inflammatory cytokines, which are molecules that stimulate an Inflammatory Immune response.
 - · Boost our Brain function.
 - It halp reduce ADHD symptoms.
 - · Prevent anxiety and stress.
 - · It help lower Blood pressure levels.
 - · Have anticances properties



日 Ponts used > mainly, The leaves and stems we used

Discussion :=>

Ethnomedicine means the medical practices for the treatment of ethnic people for their health care needs. Ethmomedicinal practices of tribal and non-tribal are Jelated with human health.

Priesent study focues which type of ethnomedicinal plants are priesent in our local area For Increasing advancess among the general public as well as students.

Conclusion: =>

It have very much importants to creat a kind of love and concern for nature in young minds. So, that they grow up with an awarness that would led to action. Such activities play a fundamental pole in the field of conservation by motivating the Students and creating interest in nature and its Protections. Further, these extents can also have catalytic educational and development extects.

References: =>

Books name

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> A tent book of envisionmental Erach Vharucha. Studies for under graduate courses. · Dar A-Chakalaboaty.

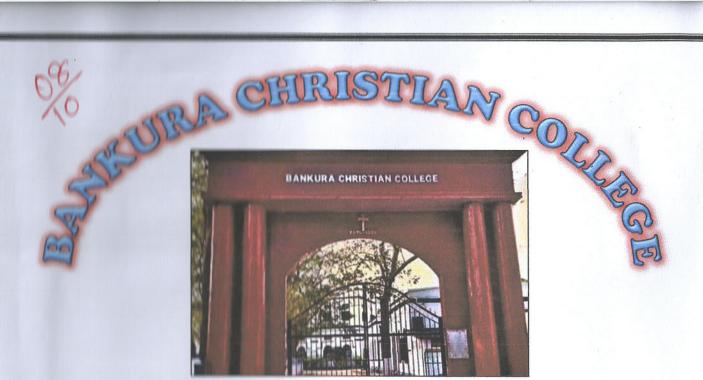
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I am very greatful to our environmental studies teacher Smt. Ruby Sarkar of environmental studies department, Bankura Christian College for grathring valuable Information.

Thanks are also given to local people of my study area for grathering valuable Information related to this field work.

C091/2/23,



BANKURA UNIVERSITY STUDY OF POND ECO SYSTEM

NAME:- RACHANA BANERJEE

USER ID:-1012301963

ROLL NO:- 506

GROUP:-B (ARTS)

SEMESTER:-1st

COURSE:-B.A Honors (BENGALI)

SESSION: 2023-2024

ह्यास अक्राय 1.1 दिस्मात 1.5 Stratte BAR V.3 ALLENS 232 Til Aleente school

72 तिकाम देवादितं अधिकाम्मा

133 2 2 2 mg

51 CM HOZE

5.5 कार दिस्सिम्

5.8 Wales

ठ्यांत व्यक्षात

3.7 स्टान्स्पिय सिमावस्था

3.5 For MEAN

3.3 12000 d Black

6986-5 जिज्ञास क्रमार्ट. =: प्राक्ष्मित द्यान - 100 glas स्मार केया हुद्वीत्त्री स्वीतिक्यं सम्बन्ध विद्यामान क्या क्रायोप अस्ति असे क्या स्वातिक स्वातिक स्वातिक स्वातिक्यं प्रमाण प्रमाण स्वातिक स्व ्रियो स्वापक कार्या कार्या कार्या कार्या स्वीप । विदेश कार्या स्वापक कार्या Steer BEL: -ग्रिक्स सिक्स अरसिंदे थिय एत्रिसंदे शह अहितम अत्यात Strant 222: क अरुक्शा स्टिन्ट अन्तरं अन्तरं कर्त (क्रीत-(०) अभित्यकारे वारेमानी अर्थते शकावे युद्धाको अविविवे आसेन्स मेर्से मेर त्ये द गायं देणवीं दुवं देगतां (क्या देणामिते वैविवे अवियास) ि सिन्ते भेषत्वक्रियं शिक्ष अवैप्रात्य 'श्वक्षांत रूपानकिं शावित अप्रैगक्षिक साराद्य क्री प्रमा अस्ति असिन राखाद क्षात रेसामाति विश्वता त्या कामान । भारता कामान । Stateple good :-मंद्र अरुल्मेर त्रशुप युट्यी देंस कुबाव देंसरे वालेक्स गर्द युद्ध क्ष भागाक कार्याद्र इंडमा विकेति यातीवकि प्रतिशास प्रमादि मिर्फ नेवारिक तमी कंती। इस क्या हा असी कंटी उठिर्देष्ट्रक डीट्स हो एकबार अद्योध करें। गाँउ से इस के मनोम हमागाल माहिन्य कंटी। शित्यहर सिकेंट्र किया या रेसिट अकला श्रीकारीय अधिकण्या :-क् जिक्समू अवादितं देश जासादि अदिको लिखा है स्मिश्य म्यामके सिद्ध स्टा कामार्टि स्थितिक स्थितिक प्राथमित AN MORES ORGENIES 3502 DE1 2521 () गरिकक्षियां क्षितं और यात्र-वित्रावं त्याद्रा काद्रा रिल (318 26. an Wortes 242 aslo.)

(P) प्राक्षेत्र प्रताव अधिक क्षेत्र Costal of the ि नेया शन्मांड अमें इला अम्मीएर अस्थिताएं अर्थ निविवरंप लागे अस्पूर, Suight sent as so Carle Congress ?-- PROGRAM म दिल्लाहरू अखितक्षां वास्तांत्र वास्तांत्र अल्लाहित येग्रांसर् क्रिय मार्ट स्टिंग के सम्बद्ध कार्य grace Men. 500 7. Man (34) ्यावाशाकड, क्याराज्या रून , जन्म, स्मातमार् 6. 12 a across (33) 3. Attacks SIM (शाय आर्थक ानि यार्थार्थ d. selleting हाएतात्र अव्यक्त्ये जानायाकर 5. 3512 प्राथम इ. अकरं व्यक्षिक खिल्ली कुटिंद 91360 4121 842 530M109 soll Bo 32011102 del उड्यारक 20 BOSHAL -: FERDER SEE अस्त्राक्ष (युद्धि दुर्द्ध देव देव ये य यो। (वे को कि प्रिक्टिश्व) र उत्तात त्रमात कर्म्य हारिक विसाद व्हादा द्वादा द्वादा करें शाकाला गाहे। इंड्राह्म क्रियात कर्महंगाम भागिक भागिक क्राह्म क्राह्म तामा गाहे। स्थातं ज्यातं ब्रेक्सिर् गात्यः िक्षां करणां नारक जिल्लाक अपि खार गार में में में में में 316365 208 केश्रेट क्लियें बारक दियात यदि। यदं शार आधारा अहि दिलक्ष आरंत यां में महात यथिया गुर्व ब्राह्म कार्य क्रान्य क्रान करी decarle dicense dis alles.

5.3 CHEVE : वाद गर्कर पुर अक्षायंता देश प्रमें का एकी पुर्विता की Colores years selle sande (1) अर्थे क्राया अस्ति क्रिय अंदल्या के सम्मेक्स्य । (B) State annual court doll fortal doll ser Star disease deren exile sto (0) विभाग कर नार विद्यानित विकेश देश्यिंग जांधकाष्ट्रिक व्याने: क्रियां (1) अभीतक , एस अध्यक त्याला अवैदिं <u>वास्त्रवित वास्त्रवे ज्याका</u> व्यवस Conta अभिन्य अभार क्रिक्ट अस्टरम्ब अस्मि अर्थ । (1) मार्किस क्रिक्ट मान्य स्थाप क्रिक्ट स्थाप क्रिक्ट स्थाप क्रिक्ट स्थाप प्राथित प्राथित स्थाप कुत्राते व्यक्ति १-3.7. Stoody Stalled Eyelodol:-U अस्तिक अविश्वास अवक्रिस्ट क्या असिक्सिक व्यवस्था आयाल में ति संस्थितिको असे असे असे असे असे अ B. of state and areas could daile yoursa- (a opposse sold 120 में बार्गेशका १९ य एस्ट्राट्स द्वापा महीत उंतेषु। द सताहमां वर्षाया लायादं यात्मतं मा गावि वर्षेत्र 3.5 Forth Bal:-रिवर्के अल्यामाह्या 7. BIRGIE SECONGA 16959 E.S. 5. अस्टिक्स हिस



2









3



- D- soleter
- (g) da
- 3 क्रमुख्याता

केवला व्यक्त

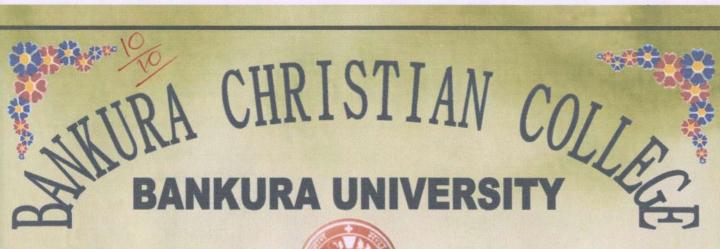
भिथा। से पहेलां था अधार्यां उपार्य कार्य द्वीति ठां व्यास्त्र द्वीति ठां व्यास्त्र द्वीति । व्यास्त्र द्वीति । ज्ञास्त्र हे सावेलां देश ज्यारांत व्यासादं क्रास्त्रके शास्त्रका यान क्यात्मंत प्राप्तमावं सुद्धमं त्या भन्मतं प्राप्तातो क्रिटिन वारित क्रार्टि देनी त्यात्मंत क्याते क्षक व्यात केवतः विविद्धाः वा प्रमति स्थितिक स्थितिक ि लाखंब डेप्टास

े विष्य व्यानारी

क्रिक्सिका दे त्राक्स

Sarkar S. 12.23

अन्\एख्रि खास्त्र[©]







TITLE:-STUDY OF URBAN POLLUTION

Name:-DIPTEDU NANDI

ID:-1012300337

ROLL:-97

SESSION:-2023-24





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1.1

Introduction (& SAHAT)

स्य प्राचित्र कार्ष के आशास के असीकास ।" -- अश्रक ग्रीकास

निक्नियं सुक्ता।

वाह्मानिक्ति। यद्माप कार्य वाह्माप्त कार्य कार्यात्मा वाह्माप्त कार्य वाह्माप्त वाह्माप्त कार्य वाह्माप्त कार्य वाह्माप्त कार्य वाह्माप्त कार्य वाह्माप्त वाह्माप

प्राप्त में अवि जाकरे मिर्विस क्षेत्र वल " - Odum 1983 ।

माजन क्रामान काराय किएं विकि सामर्ग थाना त जांन मिक्सा नात्रिक नेसन क्रामान सामान सामान काराय किएं विकि सामर्ग भागा जाति सिक्स । क्रामान साम्येव सिक्स माजन सामान साम्येव सिक्स अधिक नेसन त सिक्स साम्येव सामान स

1.2. Subject Of the Project (Marcoma ANN)

्राक्ट युवेयकीप्त त अगरंग कुनाराम्। "श्याद्वां विक्रिय क्षणांवे केत्रम् , अकण्याति थेठप क्षण अवितम् आत्व्या किष्यं केपी.

1.3. Importance of the Project (Stanging 338)

वर विकाल्या नेंड(पंक कावंपर्येष्य इन्स प्रमिर्वे के

- मामकी केमके(तवं क्रीपमांव हापांत्र। अस्प्रकांव वात्र अवेगाङ्क (२०९) केमकेल क्षमात्र केश्व कर्व। डाइति।(७४. अस्प्रकांव वात्र अवेगाङ्क (२०९) केमकेल क्षमात्र केश्व कर्व। डाइति।(७४. अस्प्रकांव वार्त्र अस्प्रकांकित (५०) हिलास्थावितवं आजि त्रेक क्रिके विक् अस्प्रकांव वार्त्र सामकी।कृत (५०) हिलास्थावितवं आजि त्रेक क्रिकेंग किस्
- (B) अप्रिनिधं कि (अ) अम्मियं अद्यो अप्रि अप्ति अप्ति
- प्रिम्मिन के के कार्यास्त कि विद्य वेस्वाहिक स्थाप के जिल्ला (इस्मिन्सिय)
- मिरेश किए केशियं काल यात्र के कि मानुक विषय दिना दिना दिने ।

1.4

Objective (500 mg)

प्रड, खरण्यात रेथातिष्व विजेविष्ट दाणमार्थिष अथ —

- @ थ्रिक्ट आलिकालिं आंत्रिक क्रिया केरायक कार्या भव्यक अवयक केर्ता
- @ हाडोमड्यास्य नाहितम त अभावे सिक्य प्रमाधि प्रांव काषा
- क्षा भामिक क्षितं केर्याचं अवस्य क्ष्मि क्ष्मिक्ष क्ष्मिक क्षमिक क्ष्मिक क्ष्
- जाताव मन्जाक् अथय ५०३। , ायोधितावे सार्धि कमाताकम्पणं भाषित आध्या नात्ते दुवनं कित्रियं
- कार्या अत्य शिष्या ।

16. Project Implementation Plan (अयम्भा न्वारान भावकालाना)

यहें अंडिंच बार्डेड प्यस्ता चेंडप कवं ठित प्राट्मित भठ क त्या किंत प्रकुर क् कार्डे त्य अगुरा शायिंत करा पड़ हाय प्रमुख इंदारं (पंच वेपो का।मारिंत बार्डे (वक्ष, एमोर्गेड श्रमींड)

- क्रा) प्रमुख्ये करेंदि। १) हार्रीम त्यत्रावं जाभागाण्य हेंडिकार्युवं क्राप्युकं भावित्वं आत्र कत्या व(ज
- जिया कार्य कार्य सार्व सुर्व सार्व सार्व अवर अवर अवर ।

इंगेर अखाडी-

Data Collection (521 51972)

कता प्रारंभ अर्थिय अभागा हाजिल क्रिया अर्थित क्रियं क्रियं अर्थित अर्थित

यावंग -1

न्यूर्वेगांत थिएम कार्ताव हैंत्रथ अष्टवासुक कर्मा

- ा अधीयात नाविहा
- (i) अभिभाव उगान
- कार्विष्य सहये मित्र मांचा करितायका
- M अधिष्ठि(पं एड्रस
- अर्थकिमध्य दुश्य -
- अ कथ्मेम(यवं त्रुस -
- (ii) श्रीकार्यार्थिय क्ट्रम -

- % २ ता चित्राभुदा
- ८ आयान्या स्वर योथेया अर्थवं -
- अंश्रेष्ट १ देशंवर अ शास्त्राविक्येन, शास्त्र प्राधित प्राधित क्रमा इ स्वल्यति शुम्मे - शिमिका, स्नाधित
- (बुह्मा) खंडल्याप्पंच द्वायांचं द्वांमा क्रिक्ट है नुष्यच्छिष्यकायांवशामा ज्ञायवाद्यांचं
- ु शास्त्राश्त्व २तं, अत्र्याष्ट्र , सारेक,
- ও প্রথ বর্ষ ক্রিত বর্ষ চ্মিত ক্র
- ज्यातिकः। न्यो ' E-Monye ' उग्रंब (बामांतपुष्क)' व प्राध्यविश्यावं नता ' ज्ञामकाशाम्बन

2.2

Data Analysis (OUT Elighty)

सस्मितिक वार्षेष्ठ कता यात्राण्याचा १ विल्यम् अवस्य व्यवस्य मारंत व्यवस्थिति यार्य देश(यं दुश्म रेष्ट्र खिल्य ज्ञापवार्थ त्यांक स्थित ब्राज्य कार्य अधिकार ६०) ' सार्थ वार अधिकार (६००) प्राधिक (६०) भेगक (५०) भेगकार (५०) भेगकार (५०) भेगकार (५०) ्या मराव देश क्या मारावेद्या हिल्ला । मारिट विश्वाक देश हाराया हिल उतार, जगार्थ द्वाकृत विद्राव त दर्ग जारिक।



क्छि- वासूर्धन

(A) - जायम्या प्रमाय - राजां - राजां - राजां अप होतां अप होतां अप कांतां अप वाक्रामित काल अमर्भन हारि। जिनलकलकाव्याय मिल्न यल्ज जास्पितं उपल्य अमप शाली असि असि अंता। क्षिताति आहिएवं असे असिमिपंव 1 प्रधिक प्रदिमित



ार् विविध 'बासामिषक साव ७ क्यारिय केप्यक्ति इति ।



किय - फला<u>श</u>त

(i) निष्ति प्राणिकपाणीम प्रेम , बामायातिक आत , क्रिलाक्ष्य "अयर 'जमाना



- वावर्षं क्या इत।
- (1) म्यिए पुलि राए शिक दाँछाउँ अम क्लाक अमिश या मिर्विक्सन कत्व -गान कमा स्था।
- ता क्रिकार्य अलाव कर्ण । अज्ञासम्बद्ध अलाव कर्ण ।

Conclusion (Isignos)

- क्षेत्र क्रेमिस क्रिया व्याकल्प क्षेत्र क्
- (1) दीवाश्री द्वान्यात के गाइन सिंप हिल मा।
 (1) बिहित रिन्न प्रिक्ति के गाइन सिंप दिल मा।
 (1) बिहित रिन्न प्रिक्ति तं दिल विकल्ल सिंप दिल मा।
 (1) विहित रिन्न प्रिक्ति तं दिल विकल्ल सिंप दिल मा।
 (1) विहित रिन्न प्रिक्ति तं दिल विकल्ल सिंप दिल मा।
 - । म्बाराद्य केंद्र महामा कारहास स्थिति हार्वित क्षेत्र हार्वितिय हार्वित हार्वित हार्वित हार्वितिय हार्विय

उन्हें अन्तिय

यगिर्धे आज्ञावस्य वा

- क्रीप्य । क्राप्त अभीतं अल्लि खिली अल्लि क्रिया सन्त्रह्म सन्त्रह्म अल्लि अपा. सत्त्रव
- सा माभाम ना रसुकवात एपर्त क्या जात्रावयोक त्रम्बाक ज्यानात्ये अल्याक.

3.2.

ज्ञवा अभिरुक्त (References)

माशमा (पाला ६५६ । न्नाप्तं साय न्यातं न्यात् न्यं ल उत्वसाइ हिन

- (1) प्राणिक म्हामार हें जातीय के कार्या कार
- @ शायाताम मार्डेएकपार्टिमी। विकेत् विमाताकार्क-
- (म) नाजा नामिक्तिविमा , खुके व(म)। नाकाम ।
- (Wikipedia.
- 1 Environment by R. N. Basu (Ed.)
- (ii) Tent book of Environmental Studies by DK Asthana.

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२५० मान्त्र वामिस मान्ना कर्वित्म शरिव कारि नामय क्रिकेश । उर्व त्या नाम्यां अधाव कार्क क्ति । अधावात आया समय क्षिकेश प्राम्थिता । -१९५०मा स्थिमा अधाव वाम्य अधावां अधावतां अधावां आधावां कार्य क्षिके प्रवास्थित । अवन्त्यमि उत्पानित्यं दिया आश्चां आश्चां आसारित क्षिके आयानी

Student's Signature

Date- 05/12/2023.

Teacher's Signature