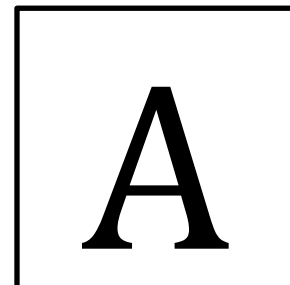


BANKURA CHRISTIAN COLLEGE
BCCAT - 2026
SUBJECT – ENGLISH



Full Marks - 100

Time - 1 Hour 30 Min.

Choose the correct alternative from each of the following questions. The questions are of equal value. (50 X 2 = 100)

*** Read the following passage and answer the questions (1-6) choosing the most appropriate options:**

The old king worn out with age and the fatigues of government, he being more than fourscore years old, determined to take no further part in state affairs, but to leave the management to younger strengths, that he might have time to prepare for death, which must at no long period ensue. With this intent he called his three daughters to him, to know from their own lips which of them loved him best, that he might part his kingdom among them in such proportions as their affection for him should seem to deserve.

Goneril, the oldest, declared that she loved her father more than words could give out, that he was dearer to her than the light of her own eyes, dearer than life and liberty, with a deal of such professing stuff, which is easy to counterfeit where there is no real love, only a few fine words delivered with confidence being wanted in that case.

Regan, who was made of the same hollow metal as her sister, was not a whit behind in her professions, but rather declared that what her sister had spoken came short of the love which she professed to bear for his highness; insomuch that she found all other joys dead, in comparisons with the pleasure which she took in the love of her dear king and father.

Then turning to his youngest daughter Cordelia, whom he called his joy, he asked what she had to say, thinking no doubt that she would glad his ears with the same loving speeches which her sisters had uttered, or rather that her expressions would be so much stronger than theirs, as she had always been his darling and favoured by him above either of them. But Cordelia, disgusted with flattery of her sisters, whose hearts she knew were far from their lips, and seeing that all their coaxing speeches were only intended to wheedle the old king out of his dominions, that they and their husbands might reign in his lifetime, made no other reply but this that she loved his majesty according to her duty, neither more nor less.

If she ever wed, she was sure the lord to whom she gave her hand would want half her love, half of her care and duty; she should never marry like her sisters, to love her father all.

1. The king wanted to relinquish his royal duties as –

- A) he was criticised by his youngest daughter for attaching importance to his personal luxury and comfort.
- B) he was feeling sick and the situation was claustrophobic for him.
- C) he was in his deathbed and could not perform his duties properly.
- D) he wanted to have a time of relaxation before death.

2. The eldest daughter was –

- A) sincere and honest in her regards for her father.
- B) only pretending to be in love with her husband.
- C) only pampering her father to usurp a major share of his kingdom.
- D) only convincing her father to dismiss the other sisters from consideration.

3. The king wanted to distribute the portions of his kingdom on the basis of –

- A) the skill and wisdom of his daughters.
- B) the age and experience of his daughters.
- C) the extent to which his daughters looked up to him.
- D) the emotional attachment of his daughters with the subjects of his kingdom.

4. The youngest daughter –

- A) didn't make a clear confession; rather tried to appease her father.
- B) made a candid confession that she loved her father as much as is due from a daughter to her father.
- C) made a candid confession that half of her love went to her father and the other half to the people of the kingdom.
- D) withheld her opinion lest her father would get angry and would dismiss her from any kind of inheritance.

5. The king was –

- A) very much judgmental about his daughters.
- B) judicious in his opinions about his daughters.
- C) cynical in his assessment of his daughters.
- D) inquisitive about the future of his daughters.

6. Cordelia was disgusted with her two sisters because –

- A) they couldn't satisfy their father.
- B) they didn't mention the love for their respective husbands.
- C) they only pretended to hate their father.
- D) they only coaxed their father to usurp his dominion.

***Go through the poem below and identify the figures of speech (rhetorical figures) used in the poem from the options given in the questions (7-10):**

One day I wrote her name upon the strand,
But came the waves and washed it away:
Again I wrote it with a second hand,
But came the tide, and made my pains his prey.
"Vain man," said she, "that dost in vain assay,
A mortal thing so to immortalize;
For I myself shall like to this decay,
And eke my name be wiped out likewise."
"Not so," (quod I) "let baser things devise
To die in dust, but you shall live by fame:
My verse your vertues rare shall eternize,
And in the heavens write your glorious name:
Where whenas death shall all the world subdue,
Our love shall live, and later life renew."

- 7. Which of the following lines contains personification as a figure of speech? --**
 A) "But came the waves and washed it away" B) "A mortal thing so to immortalize"
 C) "... death shall all the world subdue" D) "... but you shall live by fame"

8. Identify the figure of speech used in the following line:

"Our love shall live, and later life renew."

- A) Alliteration B) Simile C) Personification D) Metaphor

9. "Vain man," said she, "that dost in vain assay . . ."

The word 'vain' used twice in the line is an example of –

- A) Simile B) Metaphor C) Paradox D) Pun

10. An example of Hyperbaton or Inversion as a figure of speech is found in which of the following lines?

- A) "My verse your vertues rare shall eternize"
 B) "Again I wrote it with a second hand"
 C) "Our love shall live, and later life renew"
 D) "One day I wrote her name upon the strand"

11. Which of the following poems is not an elegy?

- A) "Elegy Written in a Country Churchyard" B) "In Memoriam"
 C) "The Solitary Reaper" D) "Lycidas"

12. Which of the following is an example of revenge tragedy?

- A) *King Lear* B) *Hamlet*
 C) *Othello* D) *Macbeth*

13. The Bengali web-series *Mandaar* is an adaptation of which play of William Shakespeare?

- A) *King Lear* B) *Hamlet*
 C) *Othello* D) *Macbeth*

14. Who wrote the famous line "Beauty is truth, truth beauty"?

- A) William Shakespeare B) John Keats
 C) William Wordsworth D) John Milton

15. Match the writers with their writings:

| Writer | Writing |
|-------------------------|--------------------------------|
| i) Charles Dickens | a) <i>Paradise Lost</i> |
| ii) William Wordsworth | b) <i>Julius Caesar</i> |
| iii) John Milton | c) "Daffodils" |
| iv) William Shakespeare | d) <i>A Tale of Two Cities</i> |

- A) i – b, ii – a, iii – c, iv – d
 C) i – b, ii – a, iii – d, iv – c

- B) i – a, ii – d, iii – c, iv – b
 D) i – d, ii – c, iii – a, iv – b

Sometime too hot the eye of heaven shines,
And often is his gold complexion dimmed;
And every fair from fair sometime declines,
By chance, or nature's changing course, untrimmed;
But thy eternal summer shall not fade,
Nor lose possession of that fair thou ow'st,
Nor shall death brag thou wand'rest in his shade,
When in eternal lines to Time thou grow'st.
So long as men can breathe, or eyes can see,
So long lives this, and this gives life to thee.

26. By "summer's day" the poet means -

- A) too hot a day.
- B) too long a day.
- C) pleasant but short-lived a day.
- D) a disgusting day.

27. By the expression "every fair from fair sometime declines" the poet means -

- A) the fairness of the person is getting affected because of the summer.
- B) the fairness of even a beautiful woman gradually fades.
- C) fair people are unwilling to accept any responsibility.
- D) fair people are declining any assistance from the black people.

28. The person addressed to is better than summer because -

- A) the person does not lose his youthful glamour during summer.
- B) the person can challenge the onslaughts of summer.
- C) the person's beauty is not short-lived like the summer, rather everlasting.
- D) the person is not as much hot as the summer is.

29. "But thy eternal summer shall not fade". Through this line the poet -

- A) makes an attempt to immortalize the beauty of the person.
- B) curses the person by inviting the heat of the summer eternally in his life.
- C) blames the person for inviting the summer to make his life a hell.
- D) criticises the person for shortening the duration of the summer.

30. The word 'this' in the last line means -

- A) death of the summer in the poet's life.
- B) eternal summer in the life of the person addressed to.
- C) the poet's poetry as an art form.
- D) the fairness of the person addressed to.

31. The 'eye of heaven' is an example of the figure of speech of -

- A) simile.
- B) periphrasis or circumlocution.
- C) hyperbole.
- D) irony.

32. Choose the right option to rearrange the jumbled up sentences:

- i) After the shipwreck Ferdinand, the Prince of Naples, reached the island as per the plan of Prospero and fell in love with Miranda.
- ii) Being thrown by a strange chance he came to a strange island.
- iii) Prospero left his kingdom with his daughter Miranda to devote his time in studies.
- iv) There Sycorax, a witch, had imprisoned so many spirits in the bodies of large trees.

- v) Ariel helped Prospero in creating a magical spell upon a ship that temporarily got drowned in the sea but nobody was hurt.
- vi) Prospero released the good spirits, one of them being Ariel.
- A) vi – ii – iv – i – v – iii
 B) iii – i – v – vi – iv – ii
 C) iii – ii – iv – vi – v – i
 D) iii – ii – iv – vi – i – v

33. Rearrange the jumbled up sentences:

- i) Antonio and Bassanio went together to borrow money from the money-lender, Shylock.
- ii) Portia disguised herself as a lawyer and saved the life of Antonio by a clever trick.
- iii) But Antonio had no money as all his ships had gone abroad and he had spent everything in the overseas business.
- iv) Bassanio sought financial assistance from Antonio to repair his fortune by courting and marrying Portia, a lady with a huge fortune.
- v) But Shylock put a condition that if Antonio failed to repay the loan he would cut off one pound of flesh from Antonio's body.
- A) iv – iii – v – i – ii
 B) iv – iii – i – ii – v
 C) i – v – iv – iii – ii
 D) iv – iii – i – v – ii

34. Choose the correct option to fill in the blanks in the given sentence:

When Othello --- Desdemona asleep, he --- he would not shed her blood, but she --- , else she --- more men.

- A) would betray – saw – thought – must die
 B) saw – thought – must die - would betray
 C) would betray – must die – thought – saw
 D) saw – must die -- would betray – thought

35. What will be the passive voice of the following sentence?

Nothing could equal the anger of Claudio, when he had made this discovery.

- A) The anger of Claudio could equal nothing when this discovery had been made by him.
 B) The anger of Claudio could be equalled by nothing when he had made this discovery.
 C) The anger of Claudio could be equalled by nothing when this discovery had been made (by him).
 D) When he had this discovery been made nothing could equal the anger of Claudio.

36. Choose the correct option to mark the change in the mode of narration in the following sentence.

"O good old man!" Said Orlando to Adam, "how well appears in you the constant service of the old world!"

- A) Orlando exclaimed in surprise that Adam was a very good old man and the constant service of the old world appears very well in him.
 B) Orlando exclaimed in appreciation that Adam was a very good old man and the constant service of the old world appeared very well in him.
 C) Orlando exclaimed in appreciation that Adam is a very good old man and the constant service of the old world would appear very well in him.

D) Orlando exclaimed in joy that Adam had been a very good old man and the constant service of the old world would appear very well in him.

37. Identify the category of the underlined clause in the following sentence:

I don't know how I can overcome this situation.

- A) Adverb clause B) Adjective clause C) Noun clause D) Principal clause

38. Change the degree of comparison in the following sentence and choose the correct answer:

Oslo is one of the cleanest cities in the whole world.

- A) Very few cities in the whole world are as clean as Oslo.
B) Oslo is cleaner than all other cities in the whole world.
C) Oslo is as clean as any other city in the whole world.
D) Very few cities in the whole world are cleaner than Oslo.

39. Join the following sentences into a simple sentence:

The sun rose. My friends left the base camp. They wanted to reach the top of the mountain by 11.

- A) The sun rising my friends left the base camp as they wanted to reach the top of the mountain by 11.
B) The sun rising my friends left the base camp to reach the top of the mountain by 11.
C) The sun having risen my friends left the base camp to reach the top of the mountain by 11.
D) The sun having risen my friends left the base camp as they wanted to reach the top of the mountain by 11.

40. Change the following sentence into a negative one:

As soon as Lady Macbeth entered Duncan's chamber she noticed that the king lying on bed looked like her father.

- A) Not sooner than Lady Macbeth entered Duncan's chamber she noticed that the king lying on bed looked like her father.
B) No sooner had Lady Macbeth entered Duncan's chamber than she noticed that the king lying on bed looked like her father.
C) No sooner did Lady Macbeth enter Duncan's chamber then she noticed that the king lying on bed looked like her father.
D) No sooner did Lady Macbeth entered Duncan's chamber than she noticed that the king lying on bed looked like her father.

41. Which of the following sentences is correct?

- A) It's time I have a holiday: I am so tired!
B) The patient has died yesterday.
C) I am not used to working like this.
D) He knows her since ten years.

42. Say which sentence contains a correct phrasal verb.

- A) Macbeth put forward the light.
B) Put out the light.
C) King Lear put on his meeting with the Fool.
D) Hamlet put off his books.

43. Which of the following sentences is correct?

- A) The men are mortal.
- B) Your hairs are not smooth.
- C) The Secretary and Headmaster of the school is coming.
- D) I am going to the college to attend my classes.

44. Choose the correct option to fill in the blanks in the following passage with appropriate prepositions:

In course of his speech addressed to the mob Mark Antony referred Brutus and accused him betraying Caesar in accompaniment Cassius, Casca and the others. Caesar was stabbed by Brutus a dagger.

- A) to, by, with, by
- B) to, of, of, by
- C) by, by, of, with
- D) to, of, with, with

45. Arrange the writers chronologically:

- A) R. K. Narayan, Rabindranath Tagore, Salman Rushdie, Vivian Derozio
- B) Vivian Derozio, Rabindranath Tagore, R. K. Narayan, Salman Rushdie
- C) Vivian Derozio, Rabindranath Tagore, Salman Rushdie, R K Narayan
- D) R. K. Narayan, Vivian Derozio, Rabindranath Tagore, Salman Rushdie

46. Who received the Nobel Prize in Literature in 2025?

- A) Susumu Kitagawa
- B) John Clarke
- C) László Krasznahorkai
- D) María Corina Machado

47. The green planet in the solar system is -

- A) Mars
- B) Uranus
- C) Venus
- D) Earth

48. What is the name of the first Indian woman to receive the Man Booker Prize?

- A) Jhumpa Lahiri
- B) Kiran Desai
- C) Anita Desai
- D) Arundhati Roy

49. The FIFA World Cup 2026 will be hosted by which country/ countries?

- A) England, Ireland and Scotland
- B) Canada, Mexico and the USA
- C) Argentina
- D) Japan

50. ICC Women's Cricketer of the Year 2024 went to -

- A) Amelia Kerr (New Zealand)
- B) Smriti Mandhana (India)
- C) Nat Sciver-Brunt (England)
- D) Ellyse Perry (Australia)

BANKURA CHRISTIAN COLLEGE
BCCAT - 2026
SUBJECT – ENGLISH

B

Full Marks - 100

Time - 1 Hour

Choose the correct alternative from each of the following questions. The questions are of equal value.

(50 X 2 = 100)

*** Read the following poem and answer the questions that follow (1-6) choosing the best alternatives:**

Shall I compare thee to a summer's day?
Thou art more lovely and more temperate.
Rough winds do shake the darling buds of May,
And summer's lease hath all too short a date.
Sometime too hot the eye of heaven shines,
And often is his gold complexion dimmed;
And every fair from fair sometime declines,
By chance, or nature's changing course, untrimmed;
But thy eternal summer shall not fade,
Nor lose possession of that fair thou ow'st,
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A) i – b, ii – a, iii – c, iv – d
C) i – d, ii – c, iii – a, iv – b

B) i – a, ii – d, iii – c, iv – b
D) i – b, ii – a, iii – d, iv – c

Read the following passage and answer the questions (17-22) choosing the most appropriate options:

The old king worn out with age and the fatigues of government, he being more than fourscore years old, determined to take no further part in state affairs, but to leave the management to younger strengths, that he might have time to prepare for death, which must at no long period ensue. With this intent he called his three daughters to him, to know from their own lips which of them loved him best, that he might part his kingdom among them in such proportions as their affection for him should seem to deserve.

Goneril, the oldest, declared that she loved her father more than words could give out, that he was dearer to her than the light of her own eyes, dearer than life and liberty, with a deal of such professing stuff, which is easy to counterfeit where there is no real love, only a few fine words delivered with confidence being wanted in that case.

Regan, who was made of the same hollow metal as her sister, was not a whit behind in her professions, but rather declared that what her sister had spoken came short of the love which she professed to bear for his highness; insomuch that she found all other joys dead, in comparisons with the pleasure which she took in the love of her dear king and father.

Then turning to his youngest daughter Cordelia, whom he called his joy, he asked what she had to say, thinking no doubt that she would glad his ears with the same loving speeches which her sisters had uttered, or rather that her expressions would be so much stronger than theirs, as she had always been his darling and favoured by him above either of them. But Cordelia, disgusted with flattery of her sisters, whose hearts she knew were far from their lips, and seeing that all their coaxing speeches were only intended to wheedle the old king out of his dominions, that they and their husbands might reign in his lifetime, made no other reply but this that she loved his majesty according to her duty, neither more nor less.

If she ever wed, she was sure the lord to whom she gave her hand would want half her love, half of her care and duty; she should never marry like her sisters, to love her father all.

17. The king wanted to relinquish his royal duties as –

A) he was criticised by his youngest daughter for attaching importance to his personal luxury and comfort.

B) he wanted to have a time of relaxation before death.

C) he was in his deathbed and could not perform his duties properly.

D) he was feeling sick and the situation was claustrophobic for him.

18. The eldest daughter was –

- A) sincere and honest in her regards for her father.
- B) only pretending to be in love with her husband.
- C) only convincing her father to dismiss the other sisters from consideration.
- D) only pampering her father to usurp a major share of his kingdom.

19. The king wanted to distribute the portions of his kingdom on the basis of –

- A) the skill and wisdom of his daughters.
- B) the age and experience of his daughters.
- C) the extent to which his daughters looked up to him.
- D) the emotional attachment of his daughters with the subjects of his kingdom.

20. The youngest daughter –

- A) didn't make a clear confession; rather tried to appease her father.
- B) made a candid confession that half of her love went to her father and the other half to the people of the kingdom.
- C) made a candid confession that she loved her father as much as is due from a daughter to her father.
- D) withheld her opinion lest her father would get angry and would dismiss her from any kind of inheritance.

21. The king was –

- A) inquisitive about the future of his daughters.
- B) judicious in his opinions about his daughters.
- C) cynical in his assessment of his daughters.
- D) very much judgmental about his daughters.

22. Cordelia was disgusted with her two sisters because –

- A) they only coaxed their father to usurp his dominion.
- B) they didn't mention the love for their respective husbands.
- C) they only pretended to hate their father.
- D) they couldn't satisfy their father.

23. The idiom "The grass is always greener on the other side of the fence" means –

- A) The grass looks fresh on the other side of the river.
- B) One always feels that he finds everything greener in the other houses.
- C) One always tends to feel that the others are in a better position.
- D) The grass seems to be greener on the other side in the imagination of the poet.

24. The idiom "bite the dust" means –

- A) "accept the compliment"
- B) "pay attention to the reality"
- C) "cease to exist"
- D) "surrender"

25. The proverb "The pot calls the kettle black" hints at –

- A) one's hypocrisy
- B) one's straightforwardness
- C) one's jealousy
- D) one's fear

26. "To cry over spilt milk" means –

- A) "to be angry when the milk is spilt"
- B) "getting upset over a past mistake which can't be changed"

- C) "to repent over the loss of milk when it spills over"
- D) "to take care not to allow the milk getting wasted"

27. The proverb "Don't count your chickens before they hatch" means -

- A) "Don't start counting chicken pieces before they come into your plate"
- B) "Don't count chickens before the hens hatch their eggs"
- C) "Don't make plans on the basis of what has not yet happened"
- D) "Don't make plans which you can't fulfil"

28. Choose an antonym of 'tiny':

- A) trifle
- B) small
- C) minute
- D) enormous

29. Choose a synonym of 'ingenious':

- A) innovative
- B) naïve
- C) innocent
- D) genius

30. Find out the odd one (in respect of homonyms):

- A) 'No' and 'know'
- B) 'Same' and 'shame'
- C) 'Fair' and 'fare'
- D) 'Foul' and 'Fowl'

31. Choose an antonym of 'acumen':

- A) Arrogance
- B) Brilliance
- C) Wisdom
- D) Ignorance

32. Choose a synonym of 'benevolent':

- A) Malevolent
- B) Grateful
- C) Generous
- D) Soft

33. Choose the correct option to fill in the blanks in the given sentence:

When Othello --- Desdemona asleep, he --- he would not shed her blood, but she ---, else she --- more men.

- A) would betray - saw - thought - must die
- B) would betray - must die - thought - saw
- C) saw - thought - must die - would betray
- D) saw - must die -- would betray - thought

34. What will be the passive voice of the following sentence?

Nothing could equal the anger of Claudio, when he had made this discovery.

- A) The anger of Claudio could equal nothing when this discovery had been made by him.
- B) The anger of Claudio could be equalled by nothing when he had made this discovery.
- C) When he had this discovery been made nothing could equal the anger of Claudio.
- D) The anger of Claudio could be equalled by nothing when this discovery had been made (by him).

35. Choose the correct option to mark the change in the mode of narration in the following sentence.

"O good old man!" Said Orlando to Adam, "how well appears in you the constant service of the old world!"

- A) Orlando exclaimed in appreciation that Adam was a very good old man and the constant service of the old world appeared very well in him.
- B) Orlando exclaimed in surprise that Adam was a very good old man and the constant service of the old world appears very well in him.

- C) Orlando exclaimed in appreciation that Adam is a very good old man and the constant service of the old world would appear very well in him.
D) Orlando exclaimed in joy that Adam had been a very good old man and the constant service of the old world would appear very well in him.

36. Identify the category of the underlined clause in the following sentence:

I don't know how I can overcome this situation.

- A) Adverb clause
B) Noun clause
C) Adjective clause
D) Principal clause

37. Change the degree of comparison in the following sentence and choose the correct answer:

Oslo is one of the cleanest cities in the whole world.

- A) Very few cities in the whole world are cleaner than Oslo.
B) Oslo is cleaner than all other cities in the whole world.
C) Oslo is as clean as any other city in the whole world.
D) Very few cities in the whole world are as clean as Oslo.

38. Join the following sentences into a simple sentence:

The sun rose. My friends left the base camp. They wanted to reach the top of the mountain by 11.

- A) The sun rising my friends left the base camp as they wanted to reach the top of the mountain by 11.
B) The sun rising my friends left the base camp to reach the top of the mountain by 11.
C) The sun having risen my friends left the base camp as they wanted to reach the top of the mountain by 11.
D) The sun having risen my friends left the base camp to reach the top of the mountain by 11.

39. Change the following sentence into a negative one:

As soon as Lady Macbeth entered Duncan's chamber she noticed that the king lying on bed looked like her father.

- A) Not sooner than Lady Macbeth entered Duncan's chamber she noticed that the king lying on bed looked like her father.
B) No sooner did Lady Macbeth enter Duncan's chamber then she noticed that the king lying on bed looked like her father.
C) No sooner had Lady Macbeth entered Duncan's chamber than she noticed that the king lying on bed looked like her father.
D) No sooner did Lady Macbeth entered Duncan's chamber than she noticed that the king lying on bed looked like her father.

40. Which of the following sentences is correct?

- A) I am not used to working like this.
B) The patient has died yesterday.
C) It's time I have a holiday: I am so tired!
D) He knows her since ten years.

41. Say which sentence contains a correct phrasal verb.

- A) Macbeth put forward the light.
B) Hamlet put off his books.
C) King Lear put on his meeting with the Fool.
D) Put out the light.

42. Which of the following sentences is correct?

- A) The Secretary and Headmaster of the school is coming.
- B) Your hairs are not smooth.
- C) The men are mortal.
- D) I am going to the college to attend my classes.

43. Choose the correct option to fill in the blanks in the following passage with appropriate prepositions:

In course of his speech addressed to the mob Mark Antony referred Brutus and accused him betraying Caesar in accompaniment Cassius, Casca and the others. Caesar was stabbed by Brutus a dagger.

- A) to, by, with, by
- B) to, of, of, by
- C) to, of, with, with
- D) by, by, of, with

44. Arrange the writers chronologically:

- A) Vivian Derozio, Rabindranath Tagore, R K Narayan, Salman Rushdie
- B) R K Narayan, Rabindranath Tagore, Salman Rushdie, Vivian Derozio
- C) Vivian Derozio, Rabindranath Tagore, Salman Rushdie, R K Narayan
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45. Choose the right option to rearrange the jumbled up sentences:

- i) After the shipwreck Ferdinand, the Prince of Naples, reached the island as per the plan of Prospero and fell in love with Miranda.
 - ii) Being thrown by a strange chance he came to a strange island.
 - iii) Prospero left his kingdom with his daughter Miranda to devote his time in studies.
 - iv) There Sycorax, a witch, had imprisoned so many spirits in the bodies of large trees.
 - v) Ariel helped Prospero in creating a magical spell upon a ship that temporarily got drowned in the sea but nobody was hurt.
 - vi) Prospero released the good spirits, one of them being Ariel.
- A) vi – ii – iv – i – v – iii
 - B) iii – i – v – vi – iv – ii
 - C) iii – ii – iv – vi – i – v
 - D) iii – ii – iv – vi – v – i

46. Rearrange the jumbled-up sentences:

- i) Antonio and Bassanio went together to borrow money from the money-lender, Shylock.
 - ii) Portia disguised herself as a lawyer and saved the life of Antonio by a clever trick.
 - iii) But Antonio had no money as all his ships had gone abroad and he had spent everything in the overseas business.
 - iv) Bassanio sought financial assistance from Antonio to repair his fortune by courting and marrying Portia, a lady with a huge fortune.
 - v) But Shylock put a condition that if Antonio failed to repay the loan he would cut off one pound of flesh from Antonio's body.
- A) iv – iii – i – v – ii
 - B) iv – iii – i – ii – v
 - C) i – v – iv – iii – ii
 - D) iv – iii – v – i – ii

*** Go through the poem below and identify the figures of speech (rhetorical figures) used in the poem from the options given in the questions (47-50):**

One day I wrote her name upon the strand,
But came the waves and washed it away:
Again I wrote it with a second hand,

But came the tide, and made my pains his prey.
"Vain man," said she, "that dost in vain assay,
A mortal thing so to immortalize;
For I myself shall like to this decay,
And eke my name be wiped out likewise."
"Not so," (quod I) "let baser things devise
To die in dust, but you shall live by fame:
My verse your vertues rare shall eternize,
And in the heavens write your glorious name:
Where whenas death shall all the world subdue,
Our love shall live, and later life renew."

47. Which of the following lines contains personification as a figure of speech? --

- A) "But came the waves and washed it away"
- B) "A mortal thing so to immortalize"
- C) "... but you shall live by fame"
- D) "... death shall all the world subdue"

48. Identify the figure of speech used in the following line:

"Our love shall live, and later life renew."

- A) Simile
- B) Alliteration
- C) Personification
- D) Metaphor

49. "Vain man," said she, "that dost in vain assay . . ."

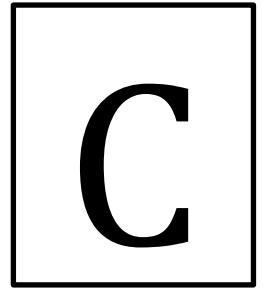
The word 'vain' used twice in the line is an example of –

- A) Simile
- B) Pun
- C) Paradox
- D) Metaphor

50. An example of Hyperbaton or Inversion as a figure of speech is found in which of the following lines?

- A) "Our love shall live, and later life renew"
- B) "Again I wrote it with a second hand"
- C) "My verse your vertues rare shall eternize"
- D) "One day I wrote her name upon the strand"

BANKURA CHRISTIAN COLLEGE
BCCAT - 2026
SUBJECT – ENGLISH



Full Marks - 100

Time - 1 Hour

Choose the correct alternative from each of the following questions. The questions are of equal value. (50 X 2 = 100)

*** Go through the poem below and identify the figures of speech (rhetorical figures) used in the poem from the options given in the questions (1-4):**

One day I wrote her name upon the strand,
But came the waves and washed it away:
Again I wrote it with a second hand,
But came the tide, and made my pains his prey.
"Vain man," said she, "that dost in vain assay,
A mortal thing so to immortalize;
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Our love shall live, and later life renew."

1. Which of the following lines contains personification as a figure of speech? --

- A) "But came the waves and washed it away"
- B) "... death shall all the world subdue"
- C) "A mortal thing so to immortalize"
- D) "... but you shall live by fame"

2. Identify the figure of speech used in the following line:

"Our love shall live, and later life renew."

- A) Metaphor
- B) Simile
- C) Personification
- D) Alliteration

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5. Which of the following poems is not an elegy?

- A) "Elegy Written in a Country Churchyard" B) "In Memoriam"
C) "Lycidas" D) "The Solitary Reaper"

6. Which of the following is an example of revenge tragedy?

- A) *Macbeth* B) *King Lear* C) *Othello* D) *Hamlet*

7. The Bengali web-series Mandaar is an adaptation of which play of William Shakespeare?

- A) *King Lear* B) *Hamlet* C) *Macbeth* D) *Othello*

8. Who wrote the famous line "Beauty is truth, truth beauty"?

- A) John Keats B) William Shakespeare
C) William Wordsworth D) John Milton

9. Match the writers with their writings:

| Writer | Writing |
|-------------------------|--------------------------------|
| i) Charles Dickens | a) <i>Paradise Lost</i> |
| ii) William Wordsworth | b) <i>Julius Caesar</i> |
| iii) John Milton | c) "Daffodils" |
| iv) William Shakespeare | d) <i>A Tale of Two Cities</i> |

- A) i - d, ii - c, iii - a, iv - b B) i - a, ii - d, iii - c, iv - b
C) i - b, ii - a, iii - d, iv - c D) i - b, ii - a, iii - c, iv - d

***Read the following passage and answer the questions (10-15) choosing the most appropriate options:**

The old king worn out with age and the fatigues of government, he being more than fourscore years old, determined to take no further part in state affairs, but to leave the management to younger strengths, that he might have time to prepare for death, which must at no long period ensue. With this intent he called his three daughters to him, to know from their own lips which of them loved him best, that he might part his kingdom among them in such proportions as their affection for him should seem to deserve.

Goneril, the oldest, declared that she loved her father more than words could give out, that he was dearer to her than the light of her own eyes, dearer than life and liberty, with a deal of such professing stuff, which is easy to counterfeit where there is no real love, only a few fine words delivered with confidence being wanted in that case.

Regan, who was made of the same hollow metal as her sister, was not a whit behind in her professions, but rather declared that what her sister had spoken came short of the love which she professed to bear for his highness; insomuch that she found all other joys dead, in comparisons with the pleasure which she took in the love of her dear king and father.

Then turning to his youngest daughter Cordelia, whom he called his joy, he asked what she had to say, thinking no doubt that she would glad his ears with the same loving speeches which her sisters had uttered, or rather that her expressions would be so much stronger than theirs, as she had always been his darling and favoured by him above either of them. But Cordelia, disgusted with flattery of her sisters, whose hearts she knew were far from their lips, and seeing that all their coaxing speeches were only

intended to wheedle the old king out of his dominions, that they and their husbands might reign in his lifetime, made no other reply but this that she loved his majesty according to her duty, neither more nor less.

If she ever wed, she was sure the lord to whom she gave her hand would want half her love, half of her care and duty; she should never marry like her sisters, to love her father all.

10. The king wanted to relinquish his royal duties as –

- A) he was in his deathbed and could not perform his duties properly.
- B) he was feeling sick and the situation was claustrophobic for him.
- C) he wanted to have a time of relaxation before death.
- D) he was criticised by his youngest daughter for attaching importance to his personal luxury and comfort.

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- A) sincere and honest in her regards for her father.
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- D) made a candid confession that she loved her father as much as is due from a daughter to her father.

14. The king was –

- A) judicious in his opinions about his daughters.
- B) very much judgmental about his daughters.
- C) cynical in his assessment of his daughters.
- D) inquisitive about the future of his daughters.

15. Cordelia was disgusted with her two sisters because –

- A) they only coaxed their father to usurp his dominion.
- B) they didn't mention the love for their respective husbands.
- C) they only pretended to hate their father.
- D) they couldn't satisfy their father.

*** Read the following poem and answer the questions that follow (16-21) choosing the best alternatives:**

Shall I compare thee to a summer's day?
Thou art more lovely and more temperate.
Rough winds do shake the darling buds of May,
And summer's lease hath all too short a date.
Sometime too hot the eye of heaven shines,
And often is his gold complexion dimmed;
And every fair from fair sometime declines,
By chance, or nature's changing course, untrimmed;
But thy eternal summer shall not fade,
Nor lose possession of that fair thou ow'st,
Nor shall death brag thou wand'rest in his shade,
When in eternal lines to Time thou grow'st.
So long as men can breathe, or eyes can see,
So long lives this, and this gives life to thee.

16. By "summer's day" the poet means –

- A) too hot a day.
- B) too long a day.
- C) a disgusting day.
- D) pleasant but short-lived a day.

17. By the expression "every fair from fair sometime declines" the poet means –

- A) the fairness of the person is getting affected because of the summer.
- B) fair people are unwilling to accept any responsibility.
- C) the fairness of even a beautiful woman gradually fades.
- D) fair people are declining any assistance from the black people.

18. The person addressed to is better than summer because –

- A) the person's beauty is not short-lived like the summer, rather everlasting.
- B) the person can challenge the onslaughts of summer.
- C) the person does not lose his youthful glamour during summer.
- D) the person is not as much hot as the summer is.

19. "But thy eternal summer shall not fade". Through this line the poet –

- A) curses the person by inviting the heat of the summer eternally in his life.
- B) makes an attempt to immortalize the beauty of the person.
- C) blames the person for inviting the summer to make his life a hell.
- D) criticises the person for shortening the duration of the summer.

20. The word 'this' in the last line means –

- A) death of the summer in the poet's life.
- B) the poet's poetry as an art form.
- C) eternal summer in the life of the person addressed to.
- D) the fairness of the person addressed to.

21. The 'eye of heaven' is an example of the figure of speech of –

- A) periphrasis or circumlocution.
- B) irony.
- C) hyperbole.
- D) simile.

22. Who received the Nobel Prize in Literature in 2025?

- A) László Krasznahorkai
B) John Clarke
C) Susumu Kitagawa
D) María Corina Machado

23. The green planet in the solar system is -

- A) Mars
B) Earth
C) Venus
D) Uranus

24. What is the name of the first Indian woman to receive the Man Booker Prize?

- A) Jhumpa Lahiri
B) Kiran Desai
C) Arundhati Roy
D) Anita Desai

25. The FIFA World Cup 2026 will be hosted by which country/ countries?

- A) England, Ireland and Scotland
B) Argentina
C) Canada, Mexico and the USA
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27. Which of the following sentences is correct?

- A) It's time I have a holiday: I am so tired!
B) He knows her since ten years.
C) The patient has died yesterday.
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28. Say which sentence contains a correct phrasal verb.

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In course of his speech addressed to the mob Mark Antony referred Brutus and accused him betraying Caesar in accompaniment Cassius, Casca and the others. Caesar was stabbed by Brutus a dagger.

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B) to, of, of, by
C) to, by, with, by
D) by, by, of, with

31. Arrange the writers chronologically:

- A) R. K. Narayan, Rabindranath Tagore, Salman Rushdie, Vivian Derozio
B) Vivian Derozio, Rabindranath Tagore, Salman Rushdie, R. K. Narayan
C) Vivian Derozio, Rabindranath Tagore, R. K. Narayan, Salman Rushdie
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32. The idiom "The grass is always greener on the other side of the fence" means -

- A) The grass looks fresh on the other side of the river.
B) The grass seems to be greener on the other side in the imagination of the poet.

- C) One always feels that he finds everything greener in the other houses.
D) One always tends to feel that the others are in a better position.

33. The idiom “bite the dust” means -

- A) “cease to exist”
B) “accept the compliment”
C) “pay attention to the reality”
D) “surrender”

34. The proverb “The pot calls the kettle black” hints at -

- A) one’s fear
B) one’s straightforwardness
C) one’s hypocrisy
D) one’s jealousy

35. “To cry over spilt milk” means -

- A) “to be angry when the milk is spilt”
B) “getting upset over a past mistake which can’t be changed”
C) “to repent over the loss of milk when it spills over”
D) “to take care not to allow the milk getting wasted”

36. The proverb “Don’t count your chickens before they hatch” means -

- A) “Don’t start counting chicken pieces before they come into your plate”
B) “Don’t count chickens before the hens hatch their eggs”
C) “Don’t make plans on the basis of what has not yet happened”
D) “Don’t make plans which you can’t fulfil”

37. Choose an antonym of ‘tiny’:

- A) trifle
B) enormous
C) minute
D) small

38. Choose a synonym of ‘ingenious’:

- A) innovative
B) naïve
C) innocent
D) genius

39. Find out the odd one (in respect of homonyms):

- A) ‘No’ and ‘know’
B) ‘Fair’ and ‘fare’
C) ‘Foul’ and ‘Fowl’
D) ‘Same’ and ‘shame’

40. Choose an antonym of ‘acumen’:

- A) Wisdom
B) Brilliance
C) Ignorance
D) Arrogance

41. Choose a synonym of ‘benevolent’:

- A) Generous
B) Malevolent
C) Grateful
D) Soft

42. Choose the right option to rearrange the jumbled up sentences:

- i) After the shipwreck Ferdinand, the Prince of Naples, reached the island as per the plan of Prospero and fell in love with Miranda.
ii) Being thrown by a strange chance he came to a strange island.
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- A) iii – ii – iv – vi – v – i B) iii – i – v – vi – iv – ii
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43. Rearrange the jumbled up sentences:

- i) Antonio and Bassanio went together to borrow money from the money-lender, Shylock.
ii) Portia disguised herself as a lawyer and saved the life of Antonio by a clever trick.
iii) But Antonio had no money as all his ships had gone abroad and he had spent everything in the overseas business.
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- A) iv – iii – v – i – ii B) iv – iii – i – v – ii
C) i – v – iv – iii – ii D) iv – iii – i – ii – v

44. Choose the correct option to fill in the blanks in the given sentence:

When Othello --- Desdemona asleep, he --- he would not shed her blood, but she ---, else she --- more men.

- A) saw – thought – must die - would betray
B) would betray – saw – thought – must die
C) would betray – must die – thought – saw
D) saw – must die -- would betray – thought

45. What will be the passive voice of the following sentence?

Nothing could equal the anger of Claudio, when he had made this discovery.

- A) The anger of Claudio could equal nothing when this discovery had been made by him.
B) The anger of Claudio could be equalled by nothing when he had made this discovery.
C) When he had this discovery been made nothing could equal the anger of Claudio.
D) The anger of Claudio could be equalled by nothing when this discovery had been made (by him).

46. Choose the correct option to mark the change in the mode of narration in the following sentence.

“O good old man!” Said Orlando to Adam, “how well appears in you the constant service of the old world!”

- A) Orlando exclaimed in surprise that Adam was a very good old man and the constant service of the old world appears very well in him.
B) Orlando exclaimed in joy that Adam had been a very good old man and the constant service of the old world would appear very well in him.
C) Orlando exclaimed in appreciation that Adam is a very good old man and the constant service of the old world would appear very well in him.
D) Orlando exclaimed in appreciation that Adam was a very good old man and the constant service of the old world appeared very well in him.

47. Identify the category of the underlined clause in the following sentence:

I don't know how I can overcome this situation.

- A) Adverb clause
- B) Noun clause
- C) Adjective clause
- D) Principal clause

48. Change the degree of comparison in the following sentence and choose the correct answer:

Oslo is one of the cleanest cities in the whole world.

- A) Oslo is as clean as any other city in the whole world.
- B) Oslo is cleaner than all other cities in the whole world.
- C) Very few cities in the whole world are as clean as Oslo.
- D) Very few cities in the whole world are cleaner than Oslo.

49. Join the following sentences into a simple sentence:

The sun rose. My friends left the base camp. They wanted to reach the top of the mountain by 11.

- A) The sun rising my friends left the base camp as they wanted to reach the top of the mountain by 11.
- B) The sun having risen my friends left the base camp as they wanted to reach the top of the mountain by 11.
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50. Change the following sentence into a negative one:

As soon as Lady Macbeth entered Duncan's chamber she noticed that the king lying on bed looked like her father.

- A) Not sooner than Lady Macbeth entered Duncan's chamber she noticed that the king lying on bed looked like her father.
- B) No sooner did Lady Macbeth entered Duncan's chamber than she noticed that the king lying on bed looked like her father.
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❖ Read the following passage and answer the questions (12-17) choosing the most appropriate options:

The old king worn out with age and the fatigues of government, he being more than fourscore years old, determined to take no further part in state affairs, but to leave the management to younger strengths, that he might have time to prepare for death, which must at no long period ensue. With this intent he called his three daughters to him, to know from their own lips which of them loved him best, that he might part his kingdom among them in such proportions as their affection for him should seem to deserve.

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But thy eternal summer shall not fade,
Nor lose possession of that fair thou ow'st,
Nor shall death brag thou wand'rest in his shade,
When in eternal lines to Time thou grow'st.

So long as men can breathe, or eyes can see,
So long lives this, and this gives life to thee.

18. By "summer's day" the poet means -

- A) too hot a day.
- B) too long a day.
- C) pleasant but short-lived a day.
- D) a disgusting day.

19. By the expression "every fair from fair sometime declines" the poet means -

- A) the fairness of the person is getting affected because of the summer.
- B) the fairness of even a beautiful woman gradually fades.
- C) fair people are unwilling to accept any responsibility.
- D) fair people are declining any assistance from the black people.

20. The person addressed to is better than summer because -

- A) the person does not lose his youthful glamour during summer.
- B) the person can challenge the onslaughts of summer.
- C) the person's beauty is not short-lived like the summer, rather everlasting.
- D) the person is not as much hot as the summer is.

21. "But thy eternal summer shall not fade". Through this line the poet -

- A) makes an attempt to immortalize the beauty of the person.
- B) curses the person by inviting the heat of the summer eternally in his life.
- C) blames the person for inviting the summer to make his life a hell.
- D) criticises the person for shortening the duration of the summer.

22. The word 'this' in the last line means -

- A) death of the summer in the poet's life.
- B) eternal summer in the life of the person addressed to.
- C) the poet's poetry as an art form.
- D) the fairness of the person addressed to.

23. The 'eye of heaven' is an example of the figure of speech of -

- A) simile.
- B) periphrasis or circumlocution.
- C) hyperbole.
- D) irony.

❖ Go through the poem below and identify the figures of speech (rhetorical figures) used in the poem from the options given in the questions (24-27):

One day I wrote her name upon the strand,
But came the waves and washed it away:
Again I wrote it with a second hand,
But came the tide, and made my pains his prey.
"Vain man," said she, "that dost in vain assay,
A mortal thing so to immortalize;
For I myself shall like to this decay,
And eke my name be wiped out likewise."
"Not so," (quod I) "let baser things devise
To die in dust, but you shall live by fame:

My verse your vertues rare shall eternize,
And in the heavens write your glorious name:
Where whenas death shall all the world subdue,
Our love shall live, and later life renew."

24. Which of the following lines contains personification as a figure of speech? --

- A) "But came the waves and washed it away"
- B) "A mortal thing so to immortalize"
- C) "... death shall all the world subdue"
- D) "... but you shall live by fame"

25. Identify the figure of speech used in the following line:

"Our love shall live, and later life renew."

- A) Alliteration
- B) Simile
- C) Personification
- D) Metaphor

26. "Vain man," said she, "that dost in vain assay ..."

The word 'vain' used twice in the line is an example of -

- A) Simile
- B) Metaphor
- C) Paradox
- D) Pun

27. An example of Hyperbaton or Inversion as a figure of speech is found in which of the following lines?

- A) "My verse your vertues rare shall eternize"
- B) "Again I wrote it with a second hand"
- C) "Our love shall live, and later life renew"
- D) "One day I wrote her name upon the strand"

28. Choose an antonym of 'tiny':

- A) enormous
- B) small
- C) minute
- D) trifle

29. Choose a synonym of 'ingenious':

- A) naïve
- B) innovative
- C) innocent
- D) genius

30. Find out the odd one (in respect of homonyms):

- A) 'No' and 'know'
- B) 'Fair' and 'fare'
- C) 'Same' and 'shame'
- D) 'Foul' and 'Fowl'

31. Choose an antonym of 'acumen':

- A) Ignorance
- B) Brilliance
- C) Wisdom
- D) Arrogance

32. Choose a synonym of 'benevolent':

- A) Malevolent
- B) Generous
- C) Grateful
- D) Soft

33. The idiom "The grass is always greener on the other side of the fence" means -

- A) The grass looks fresh on the other side of the river.
- B) One always tends to feel that the others are in a better position.
- C) One always feels that he finds everything greener in the other houses.
- D) The grass seems to be greener on the other side in the imagination of the poet.

34. The idiom “bite the dust” means –

- A) “accept the compliment”
- B) “cease to exist”
- C) “pay attention to the reality”
- D) “surrender”

35. The proverb “The pot calls the kettle black” hints at –

- A) one’s fear
- B) one’s straightforwardness
- C) one’s jealousy
- D) one’s hypocrisy

36. “To cry over spilt milk” means –

- A) “to be angry when the milk is spilt”
- B) “to repent over the loss of milk when it spills over”
- C) “getting upset over a past mistake which can’t be changed”
- D) “to take care not to allow the milk getting wasted”

37. The proverb “Don’t count your chickens before they hatch” means –

- A) “Don’t start counting chicken pieces before they come into your plate”
- B) “Don’t count chickens before the hens hatch their eggs”
- C) “Don’t make plans which you can’t fulfil”
- D) “Don’t make plans on the basis of what has not yet happened”

38. Which of the following sentences is correct?

- A) It's time I have a holiday: I am so tired!
- B) The patient has died yesterday.
- C) I am not used to working like this.
- D) He knows her since ten years.

39. Say which sentence contains a correct phrasal verb.

- A) Macbeth put forward the light.
- B) Put out the light.
- C) King Lear put on his meeting with the Fool.
- D) Hamlet put off his books.

40. Which of the following sentences is correct?

- A) The men are mortal.
- B) Your hairs are not smooth.
- C) The Secretary and Headmaster of the school is coming.
- D) I am going to the college to attend my classes.

41. Choose the correct option to fill in the blanks in the following passage with appropriate prepositions:

In course of his speech addressed to the mob Mark Antony referred Brutus and accused him betraying Caesar in accompaniment Cassius, Casca and the others. Caesar was stabbed by Brutus a dagger.

- A) to, by, with, by
- B) to, of, of, by
- C) by, by, of, with
- D) to, of, with, with

42. Choose the right option to rearrange the jumbled up sentences:

- i) After the shipwreck Ferdinand, the Prince of Naples, reached the island as per the plan of Prospero and fell in love with Miranda.
- ii) Being thrown by a strange chance he came to a strange island.
- iii) Prospero left his kingdom with his daughter Miranda to devote his time in studies.
- iv) There Sycorax, a witch, had imprisoned so many spirits in the bodies of large trees.
- v) Ariel helped Prospero in creating a magical spell upon a ship that temporarily got drowned in the sea but nobody was hurt.
- vi) Prospero released the good spirits, one of them being Ariel.

A) vi - ii - iv - i - v - iii

B) iii - i - v - vi - iv - ii

C) iii - ii - iv - vi - v - i

D) iii - ii - iv - vi - i - v

43. Rearrange the jumbled up sentences:

- i) Antonio and Bassanio went together to borrow money from the money-lender, Shylock.
- ii) Portia disguised herself as a lawyer and saved the life of Antonio by a clever trick.
- iii) But Antonio had no money as all his ships had gone abroad and he had spent everything in the overseas business.
- iv) Bassanio sought financial assistance from Antonio to repair his fortune by courting and marrying Portia, a lady with a huge fortune.
- v) But Shylock put a condition that if Antonio failed to repay the loan he would cut off one pound of flesh from Antonio's body.

A) iv - iii - v - i - ii

B) iv - iii - i - ii - v

C) i - v - iv - iii - ii

D) iv - iii - i - v - ii

44. Choose the correct option to fill in the blanks in the given sentence:

When Othello --- Desdemona asleep, he --- he would not shed her blood, but she ---, else she --- more men.

- A) would betray - saw - thought - must die
- B) saw - thought - must die - would betray
- C) would betray - must die - thought - saw
- D) saw - must die -- would betray - thought

45. What will be the passive voice of the following sentence?

Nothing could equal the anger of Claudio, when he had made this discovery.

- A) The anger of Claudio could equal nothing when this discovery had been made by him.
- B) The anger of Claudio could be equalled by nothing when he had made this discovery.
- C) The anger of Claudio could be equalled by nothing when this discovery had been made (by him).
- D) When he had this discovery been made nothing could equal the anger of Claudio.

46. Choose the correct option to mark the change in the mode of narration in the following sentence.

"O good old man!" Said Orlando to Adam, "how well appears in you the constant service of the old world!"

- A) Orlando exclaimed in surprise that Adam was a very good old man and the constant service of the old world appears very well in him.
- B) Orlando exclaimed in appreciation that Adam was a very good old man and the constant service of the old world appeared very well in him.
- C) Orlando exclaimed in appreciation that Adam is a very good old man and the constant service of the old world would appear very well in him.
- D) Orlando exclaimed in joy that Adam had been a very good old man and the constant service of the old world would appear very well in him.

47. Identify the category of the underlined clause in the following sentence:

I don't know how I can overcome this situation.

- A) Adverb clause
- B) Adjective clause
- C) Noun clause
- D) Principal clause

48. Change the degree of comparison in the following sentence and choose the correct answer:

Oslo is one of the cleanest cities in the whole world.

- A) Very few cities in the whole world are as clean as Oslo.
- B) Oslo is cleaner than all other cities in the whole world.
- C) Oslo is as clean as any other city in the whole world.
- D) Very few cities in the whole world are cleaner than Oslo.

49. Join the following sentences into a simple sentence:

The sun rose. My friends left the base camp. They wanted to reach the top of the mountain by 11.

- A) The sun rising my friends left the base camp as they wanted to reach the top of the mountain by 11.
- B) The sun rising my friends left the base camp to reach the top of the mountain by 11.
- C) The sun having risen my friends left the base camp to reach the top of the mountain by 11.
- D) The sun having risen my friends left the base camp as they wanted to reach the top of the mountain by 11.

50. Change the following sentence into a negative one:

As soon as Lady Macbeth entered Duncan's chamber she noticed that the king lying on bed looked like her father.

- A) Not sooner than Lady Macbeth entered Duncan's chamber she noticed that the king lying on bed looked like her father.
- B) No sooner had Lady Macbeth entered Duncan's chamber than she noticed that the king lying on bed looked like her father.
- C) No sooner did Lady Macbeth enter Duncan's chamber then she noticed that the king lying on bed looked like her father.
- D) No sooner did Lady Macbeth entered Duncan's chamber than she noticed that the king lying on bed looked like her father.

BANKURA CHRISTIAN COLLEGE

BCCAT - 2026

ANSWER KEY

SUBJECT- ENGLISH

| Series _A | | Series _B | | Series _C | | Series _D | |
|--------------|------------|--------------|------------|--------------|------------|--------------|------------|
| Question. No | Answer Key | Question. No | Answer Key | Question. No | Answer Key | Question. No | Answer Key |
| 1 | D | 1 | D | 1 | B | 1 | C |
| 2 | C | 2 | A | 2 | D | 2 | B |
| 3 | C | 3 | B | 3 | B | 3 | D |
| 4 | B | 4 | B | 4 | C | 4 | B |
| 5 | A | 5 | D | 5 | D | 5 | D |
| 6 | D | 6 | C | 6 | D | 6 | B |
| 7 | C | 7 | A | 7 | C | 7 | C |
| 8 | A | 8 | A | 8 | A | 8 | B |
| 9 | D | 9 | C | 9 | A | 9 | D |
| 10 | A | 10 | D | 10 | C | 10 | B |
| 11 | C | 11 | B | 11 | B | 11 | A |
| 12 | B | 12 | B | 12 | C | 12 | D |
| 13 | D | 13 | A | 13 | D | 13 | C |
| 14 | B | 14 | C | 14 | B | 14 | C |
| 15 | D | 15 | D | 15 | A | 15 | B |
| 16 | B | 16 | C | 16 | D | 16 | A |
| 17 | B | 17 | B | 17 | C | 17 | D |
| 18 | D | 18 | D | 18 | A | 18 | C |
| 19 | C | 19 | C | 19 | B | 19 | B |
| 20 | D | 20 | C | 20 | B | 20 | C |
| 21 | A | 21 | D | 21 | A | 21 | A |
| 22 | B | 22 | A | 22 | A | 22 | C |
| 23 | C | 23 | C | 23 | D | 23 | B |
| 24 | A | 24 | C | 24 | C | 24 | C |
| 25 | B | 25 | A | 25 | C | 25 | A |
| 26 | C | 26 | B | 26 | D | 26 | D |
| 27 | B | 27 | C | 27 | D | 27 | A |
| 28 | C | 28 | D | 28 | A | 28 | A |
| 29 | A | 29 | A | 29 | D | 29 | B |
| 30 | C | 30 | B | 30 | A | 30 | C |
| 31 | B | 31 | D | 31 | C | 31 | A |
| 32 | C | 32 | C | 32 | D | 32 | B |
| 33 | D | 33 | C | 33 | A | 33 | B |
| 34 | B | 34 | D | 34 | C | 34 | B |
| 35 | C | 35 | A | 35 | B | 35 | D |
| 36 | B | 36 | B | 36 | C | 36 | C |
| 37 | C | 37 | D | 37 | B | 37 | D |
| 38 | A | 38 | D | 38 | A | 38 | C |
| 39 | C | 39 | C | 39 | D | 39 | B |
| 40 | B | 40 | A | 40 | C | 40 | C |
| 41 | C | 41 | D | 41 | A | 41 | D |
| 42 | B | 42 | A | 42 | A | 42 | C |
| 43 | C | 43 | C | 43 | B | 43 | D |
| 44 | D | 44 | A | 44 | A | 44 | B |
| 45 | B | 45 | D | 45 | D | 45 | C |
| 46 | C | 46 | A | 46 | D | 46 | B |
| 47 | B | 47 | D | 47 | B | 47 | C |
| 48 | D | 48 | B | 48 | C | 48 | A |
| 49 | B | 49 | B | 49 | C | 49 | C |
| 50 | A | 50 | C | 50 | D | 50 | B |